

Establishing new tools for sorghum genetic studies in temperate climates

Sara Miller, Asta Holmelund Rønager , Nanna Bjarnholt YDepartment of Plant and Environmental Science, Copenhagen University, Copenhagen, DenmarkPresented by Sara Miller

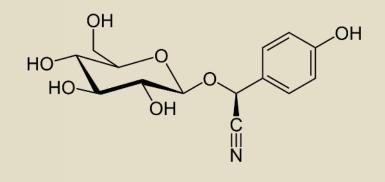






Knowledge of gene functions advances plant breeding





Dhurrin



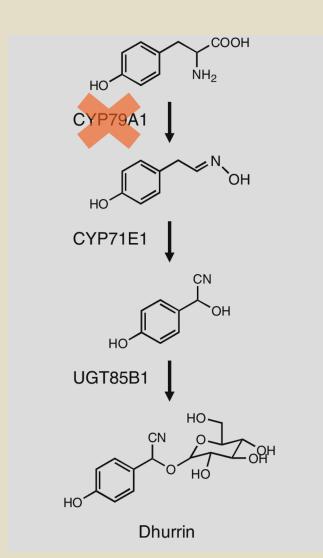




Example: acyanogenic sorghum

Tcd1 mutant

- Acyanogenic \rightarrow no dhurrin
- Knowledge of dhurrin synthesis pathway helpful
- Normal growth and development
- Used to develop commercial varieties



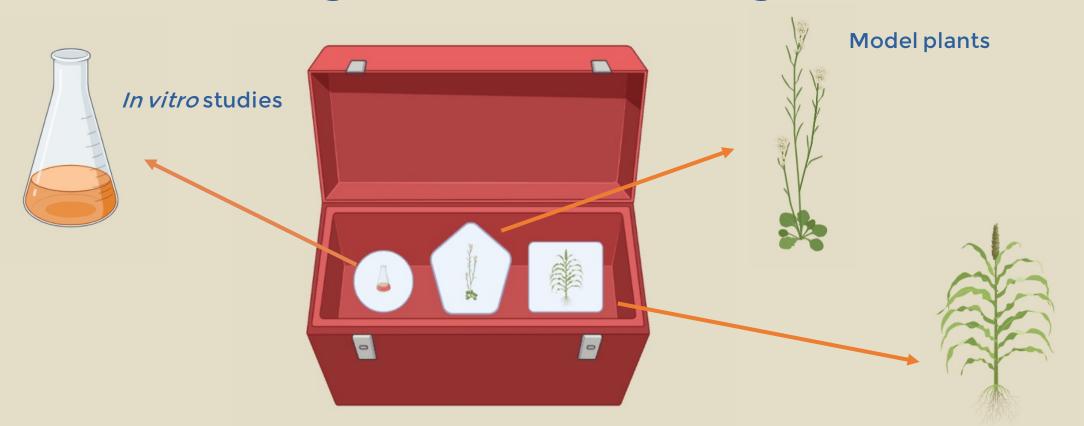






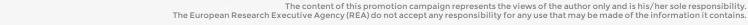


Toolbox for genetic studies in sorghum



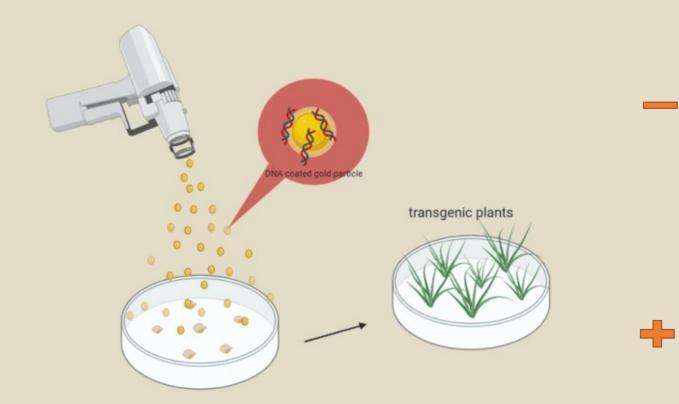
Sorghum transformation







Stable transformation



- Very climate dependant → not ideal in Europe
- Genotype dependant
- Low efficiency
- Labour intensive
- Time intensive

- Directed production of mutants
- Many different possibilities: knock out, gene insertion, gene regulation etc.







3RD EUROPEAN SORGHUM CONGRESS

Stable transformation: leaf whorl system

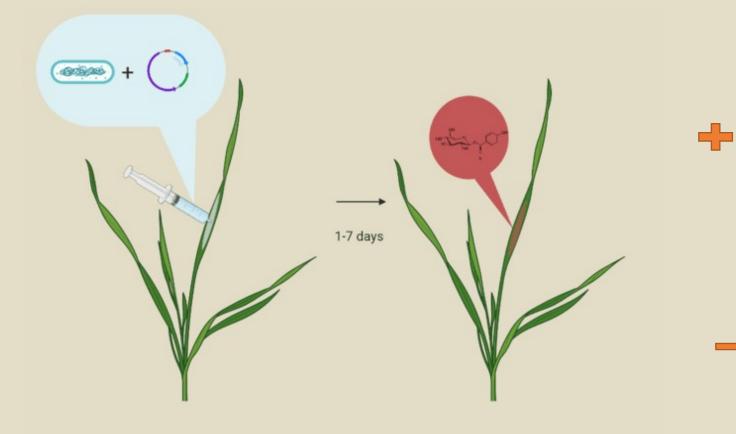








Transient transformation



- Fast
- Simple
- Versatile: expression of foreign genes, upregulation of genes, test of gene editing constructs etc.

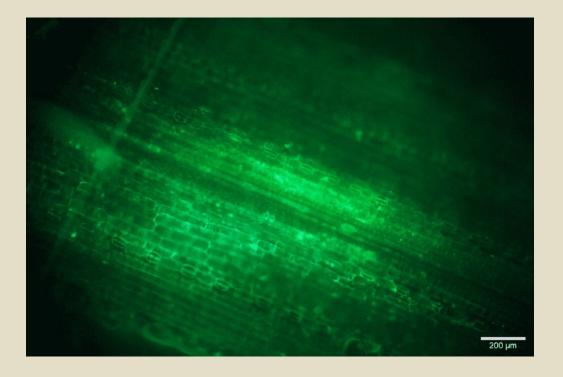
Still a lot of optimization needed







Transient transformation



- Contruction of a new
 expression vector
- Expression of GFP
- Next: reconstitution of mutant







Outlook

Stable transformation:

cooperation with other European researchers

Transient transformation:

- Expression of native sorghum genes
- Testing gene editing constructs
- Expressing sorghum genes in other cereals e.g. barley







3RD EUROPEAN SORGHUM CONGRESS



Thank you

Partners







The content of this promotion campaign represents the views of the author only and is his/her sole responsibility. The European Research Executive Agency (REA) do not accept any responsibility for any use that may be made of the information it contains.