

How to suppress brakes bound to Sorghum crop?





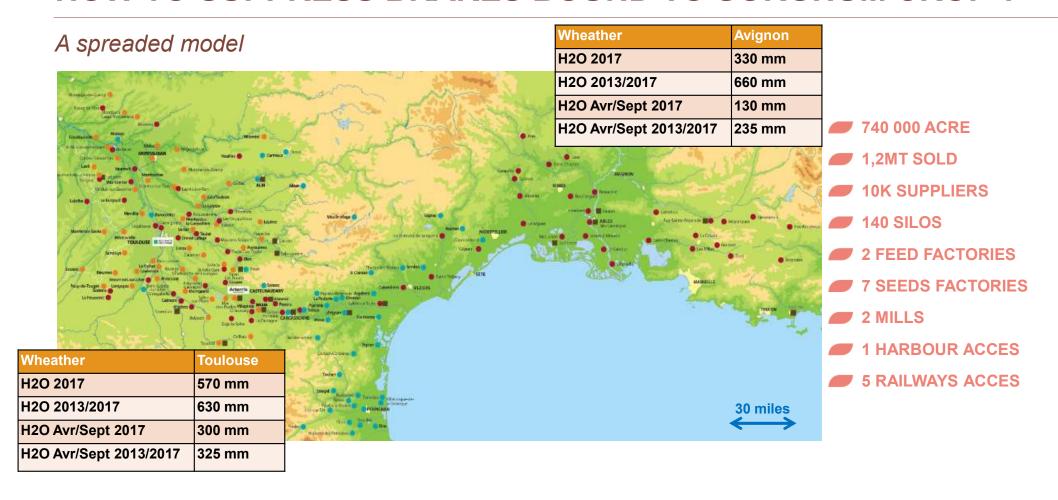
How to manage a minor specie harvest?

How and why maintain and promote sorghum acreage?

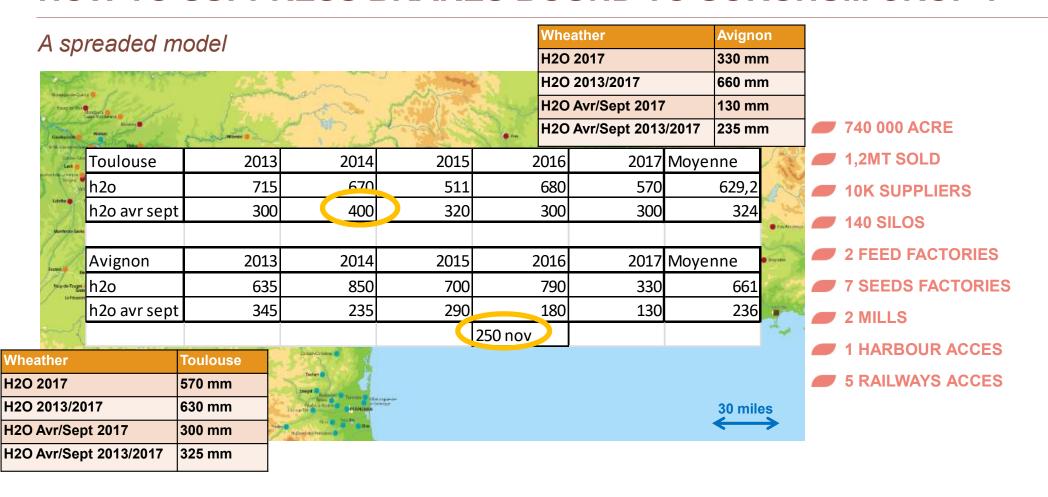
What outcomes in the business relationships with our customers?













Key figures

PROD FRANCE	USE FRANCE	EXPORTS FRANCE				
299 kt	149 kt	140 kt				

HARVEST GROUP*

31,8 à 69,4 kt

26,7 à 57,9 kt

USE FEED FACTORY^{(1)*}

3,9 à 6,9 kt

39,8 à 69,8 t



^{*} Alliance Occitane datas, harvests 2014 to 2017

How to manage a minor specie harvest?

Avoid logistic cost uncontrolled growth





1 – Avoid logistic cost uncontrolled growth : harvest management

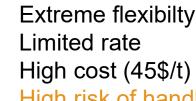
Necessity to define critical size and adapt processes according to it.

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< 2kt = Micro Market
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> 2kt = Niche Market or Commodity Market

Micro Market

- Low quantity
- Not possible to dedicate dryer
- Ventilated bins (seeds production).



High risk of handling for the staff



1 – Avoid logistic cost uncontrolled growth : harvest management

Necessity to define critical size and adapt processes.

< 2kt = Micro Market

> 2kt = Niche Market or Commodity Market

Micro Market

- Drying banisters
 - > Undergone harvest :
 - » Producers deliver goods
 - » Closest silo
 - > Mastered harvest:
 - » bins in fields
 - » Production contract

Less transshipment. Outsourcing logistic management

Long time harvest. Freight cost.

Lots of stock points. Preservation risks.

Short time harvest, low freight costs

High logistic management

High trucks / bins maintenance costs



1 – Avoid logistic cost uncontrolled growth : harvest management

Necessity to define critical size and adapt processes.

- < 2kt = Micro Market
- > 2kt = Niche Market or Commodity Market

Niche Market or Commodity Market

- Dedicated dryer(s)
 - > Producers deliver goods
 - > Closest silo
 - > Transfert flow to central silos



1 dryer at least Dryers spreaded on production area



1 – Avoid logistic cost uncontrolled growth : harvest management

Necessity to define critical size and adapt processes.

< 2kt = Micro Market

> 2kt = Niche Market or Commodity Market

Niche Market or Commodity Market

- Production contract
 - > Better on niche markets

> Hard to deal with on commodities

Production regulation

Quotas not to saturate market

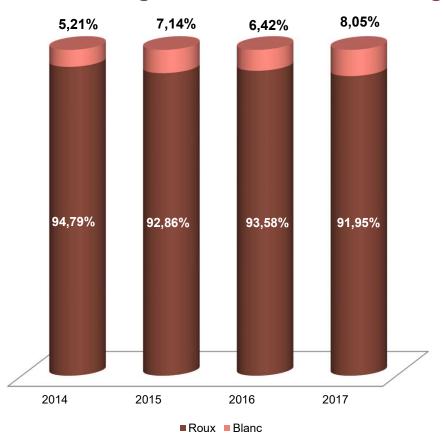
Limit climatic risk spreading production areas

Probability of non member supply

No additional valuation = no additional strain



1 – Avoid logistic cost uncontrolled groth: harvest management



Necessity to define critical size and adapt processes

- White Sorghum
 - 2 to 3 000 MT
 - 17 Harvesting points
 - 1 Dryer
 - 1 Storage silo

Red Sorghum

- 30 to 70 000 MT
- 93 Harvesting points
- 7 Dryers
- 11 Storage silos



How to manage a minor specie harvest?

Logistic matter as critical point Preservation of margins essential High impact on comptetitivity

High levels of expenses on micro markets No ways to deal with on micro markets

Avoid logistic cost uncontrolled growth







How and why maintain and promote sorghum acreage?

Lean on agronomy and management





2 – Lean on agronomy and management : Maintain and promote acreage

Widen offer to farmers

Agronomy as a support

Crop Rotation

- Deal with European Agriculture Politic frame
- Lengten rotation cycles
- Get rid of technical dead ends

3rd crop

Durum Wheat / Sunflower model



2 – Lean on agronomy and management : Maintain and promote acreage

Widen offer to farmers

Agronomy as a support

- Adaptation to the country (soil and climate)
 - •Wich spring crop for non irrigable lands?
 - > DRY Corn: high input level, potential of 3 to 10 t/ha, standard yield 4 to 5 t/ha
 - > Soybeans : no input, potential of 2 to 3,5 t/ha, standard yield 2,5 t/ha
 - > Sorghum: low input level, potential of 5 to 8 t/ha, standard yield 6 t/ha
 - •True / False ?
- Resistance to hydric stress
- Soil depletion



Hard weed management



Dirtying fields



2 – Lean on agronomy and management : Maintain and promote acreage

Widen offer to farmers

Management as a springboard

Raw margin targets and possibility of reaching it according to potential yield on 3 spring crops

Equivalence rendement	Prix €/T	Charges opérat.	Séchage	Prime	100 €	150 €	200 €	250 €	300 €	350 €	400 €	450 €	500 €	550 €	600 €	700 €	800 €
SOJA	305	399		50	1,5	1,6	1,8	2,0	2,1	2,3	2,5	2,6	2,8	2,9	3,1	3,4	3,8
SORGHO SEC (18% humidité)	149	500	9,33	0	4,3	4,7	5,0	5,4	5,7	6,1	6,4	6,8	7,2	7,5	7,9	8,6	9,3
MAIS SEC (17% humidité)	159	611	5,58	0	4,6	5,0	5,3	5,6	5,9	6,3	6,6	6,9	7,2	7,6	7,9	8,5	9,2

Under standard yield

Between standard and max potential yield

Over max potential yield



2 – Lean on agronomy and management : Maintain and promote acreage

Widen offer to farmers

Management as a springboard

Diversification of risk

- Facing market volatility
- Distributing risk in mix product or marketing ways
- Climatic hazards
- > more violent
- > more frequent

Environmental dimension

- Reducing input
- Dealing with water use restrictions
- Reducing Phyto index by crop changing



How and why maintain and promote sorghum acreage?

Acrerage growth under economic conditions
Production promotion
Productions panel availability

Interesting solution
Economic and sustainable

Lean on agronomy and management





What outcomes in the business relationships with our customers?

Backing on a strong marketing





3 – Backing on a strong marketing : business outcomes

Outlet reliability guarantee stability and sustainability

Main outlets for our sorghum

In-house factories

- 4 to 8 000 MT annual use
- Three way hedging with Wheat / Corn / Sorghum
- Catalunya feed manufacturers
 - Buying the 2/3 of our harvest
 - Only represent 10% of their annual use





3 – Backing on a strong marketing : business outcomes

Outlet reliability guarantee stability and sustainability

Main outlets for our sorghum

Bird feeding

- Portugal, UK and Belgium
- Small quantities and non extendable market
- Customer relationship and customer loyalty

Feed producers look for sorgho:

- For its color in feeding white meat poultry
- For its 1,5% protein more than corn



3 – Backing on a strong marketing : business outcomes

Outlet reliability guarantee stability and sustainability

In-house factories

Benefits

- Secure outlet with first refusal.
- Delivering facilities
 - > Proximity between factories and storage silos
 - > Flexibility
 - » delivery schedules
 - » buffer storage
- Pricing methods
- > Framework agreement pricing on monthly observation of prices
- > 50% of premium contracts over corn Euronext



3 – Backing on a strong marketing : business outcomes

Outlet reliability guarantee stability and sustainability

In-house factories

- Stakes of acrerage fluctuation
 - Pre-booking quantities
 - All year long supply
 - Transparency on disponibilities
 - Delivering additional costs



3 – Backing on a strong marketing : business outcomes

Outlet reliability guarantee stability and sustainability

Niche Markets specifications

- Bird feeding
 - Whithe sorghum
 - 14% H2O
 - 2% max OM
 - Visual control

- Brewery
 - 14,5% H2O
 - 1% max OM
 - Gluten free



What outcomes in the business relationships with our customers?

Securing outlets

Maintain customer supply all year long

Creating new high value markets

Limit acrerage fluctiations

Backing on a strong marketing





